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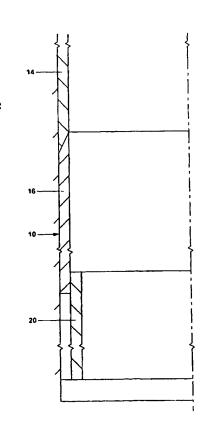
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: METHOD OF FORMING A MONO DIAMETER WELLBORE CASING



(57) Abstract: A method of forming a wellbore casing that includes positioning a first wellbore casing (14) within and coupling to a borehole (10), positioning a second wellbore casing (16) within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore casing (14), positioning a tubular liner (18) within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to at a least a portion of the second wellbore casing (16), extending the length of the borehole (10), decoupling the liner (18) from the second casing (16) and removing the liner from the borehole, and positioning a third wellbore casing (20) within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the second wellbore casing (16).

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Declaration under Rule 4.17:

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- with international search report
- with amended claims

SE, SE, SK, TR). OAPI patent (BE, BJ, CE, CG, CL, CM, (88) Date of publication of the international search report: 14 October 2004

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

AMENDED CLAIMS

[received by the International Bureau on 20 July 2004 (20.07.04); claims 21 to 30 added]

21. A method of forming a wellbore casing within a bordhole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

positioning a tubular liner within the borehole; extending the length of the borehole; removing the tubular liner from the borehole; positioning a wellbore casing within the borehole; and coupling the wellbore casing to the borehole.

22. A method of forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

positioning a first wellbore casing within and coupling the first wellbore casing to the borehole;

positioning a tubular liner within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to at least a portion of the first wellbore casing;

extending the length of the borehole;

decoupling the tubular liner from the first wellbore casing and removing the tubular liner from the borehole; and

positioning a second wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore casing.

23. A system for forming a wellbore easing within a bérehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

means for positioning a tubular liner within the borehole; means for extending the length of the borehole;

means for removing the tubular liner from the borehole;

means for positioning a wellbore casing within the borehole; and

means for coupling the wellbore casing to the borehole.

24. A system for forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

means for positioning a first wellbore easing within and coupling the first wellbore easing to the borehole;

means for positioning a tubular liner within the biprehole that overlaps with and is coupled to at least a portion of the first wellbore casing;

means for extending the length of the horehole;

means for decoupling the tubular liner from the first wellbore casing and removing the tubular liner from the borehole; and

means for positioning a second wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore easing.

25. A method of forming a wellhore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

positioning a first wellbore casing within and coupling the first wellbore casing to the borchole;

positioning a second wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore casing;

preventing the second wellbore casing from collapsing;

extending the length of the borehole; and

positioning a third wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the second wellbore casing.

26. A method of forming a wellhore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

preventing the borehole from collapsing; extending the length of the borehole; positioning a wellbore casing within the borehole; and coupling the wellbore casing to the borehole.

27. A method of forming a wellbore easing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

positioning a first wellbore casing within and coupling the first wellbore casing to the borehole;

preventing the first wellbore casing from collapsing;

extending the length of the borehole; and

positioning a second wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore casing.

28. A system for forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

means for positioning a first wellbore casing within and coupling the first wellbore casing to the borehole;

means for positioning a second wellbure casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore casing;

means for preventing the second wellbore casing from collapsing;

means for extending the length of the borehole; and

means for positioning a third wellbore easing within the borchole that overlaps with and is coupled to the second wellbore easing.

29. A system for forming a wellbore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

means for preventing the borehole from collapsing;
means for extending the length of the borehole;
means for positioning a wellbore casing within the borehole; and
means for coupling the wellbore casing to the borehole.

30. A system for forming a wellhore casing within a borehole that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:

means for positioning a first wellbore casing within and coupling the first wellbore casing to the borehole;

means for preventing the first wellbore casing from collapsing;

means for extending the length of the borehole; and

means for positioning a second wellbore casing within the borehole that overlaps with and is coupled to the first wellbore easing.